





Media coverage of a violent crime, natural disaster, war, act of terrorism, or other disturbing event provides us with vital and helpful information. News reports can keep us informed about what is happening and things we may need to do.

But too much exposure to media coverage of frightening events can add to our distress and make us and our children feel anxious. Below is information on ways to keep media coverage from adding to feelings of stress for you and your family.

- Stress reactions to media coverage. Today, with live media broadcasts from around the world and instant news online, news of traumatic events comes streaming into our living rooms and onto our computer screens as never before. The growing use of mobile phones that connect to the Internet has made media coverage even harder to avoid. News coverage can sometimes make audiences feel as if we're really there, and cause us to feel traumatised even if we were not directly impacted by the trauma or tragedy. And for some individuals, the explicit media coverage of highly distressing events may be particularly upsetting, causing prolonged feelings of sadness, fear, and anxiety or other stress-related symptoms such as problems sleeping and mood swings.
- Taking a break from media coverage If you are experiencing stress reactions to media coverage or if the news is making you feel anxious, do the followina:
 - Take a break from listening to or watching media coverage of stressful events. Avoid reading news stories about the events or watching news or documentary programs on TV or your tablet or phone.
 - **Find ways to fill the gap.** Following the news can be a habit, so find other ways to

- spend the time. For instance, spend more time planning and enjoying meals with your family, listen to your favorite music, or read a book.
- Take a break from talking about stressful events in the media with friends and relatives
- Talk with a mental health professional if your symptoms persist. Your EAP can provide help and support.
- Pesurfacing feelings of grief and anxiety. Some people may be especially affected by media coverage, including those who have previously experienced a loss or been a victim of a violent crime, natural disaster, war, catastrophe, or personal crisis. Traumatic events may trigger memories of past losses or events, even if they happened many years ago. And they may bring back images of previous traumas, nightmares, and feelings of grief, fear, and sadness. Below are suggestions if you or someone you love is experiencing feelings of grief or anxiety that may be triggered by extensive media coverage of a traumatic event.
 - Talk with someone you trust about the recent events, and about past losses or experiences that may be affecting you now.
 - If your work is affected, talk about your fears and concerns with a professional. Your EAP can provide help and support.
 - Try to keep to a regular pattern of eating and sleeping. This gives you the strength to cope with stress.
 - Make time to practice relaxation techniques, such as deep breathing, meditation, or yoga. Search for additional resources on relaxation techniques and managing stress on the LifeWorks Platform or website—there are many articles and podcasts you might find helpful!

No matter what the nature of your issue, or how overwhelming it may seem, the wide scope of expertise available through the EAP is there to support you as you work towards a positive resolution.